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## 28541 – THE EFFICACY OF CARBOPLATIN IN NEOADJUVANT TREATMENT OF TRIPLE-NEGATIVE BREAST CARCINOMA IN PATIENTS TREATED AT HOSPITAL GERAL DE CAXIAS DO SUL

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**Introduction:** In Brazil, breast cancer is the most common neoplasm among women and also the leading cause of cancer-related death. Approximately 20% of patients have triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC), for which chemotherapy remains the main neoadjuvant treatment. Patients who achieve a pathological complete response (pCR) after chemotherapy have demonstrated better survival outcomes. **Conclusion:** Our sample had a pCR rate of 57.1%, making it a financially feasible treatment within the Unified Health System (SUS). We observed good treatment tolerance. The median follow-up was 17 months, with 20% of patients deceased.